BRITISH COLUMBIA

BC STATS

Service BC
Ministry of Labour and Citizens' Services

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Exports ◆ June 2006

- There was a 4.7% jump in the value of BC origin exports in the first half of 2006 compared to the same period a year earlier.
- One of the main drivers of the overall increase in BC exports is the increase in the value of exports of energy products (+14.4%). Much of the rise in energy exports has been due to price inflation. For example, the value of natural gas shipments climbed 8.7% over the first two quarters, but the quantity of gas exported actually declined 4.2%. Similarly, although volumes of coal shipped from BC to international destinations fell 10.6%, the value of coal exports surged 23.3%. However, electricity exports bucked the trend as the quantity exported was up 12.1%, while the value of exports slumped 20.2%, indicating a price decline.
- Shipments of machinery and equipment rose 11.5% in the first half of 2006 despite a 2.9% slump in exports of motor vehicles and parts.
- Metallic mineral product exports were 13.7% higher in the first six months of 2006 compared to the same period in 2005. Copper ores and concentrates led the way with a 54.1% jump in shipments. Of the major mineral exports, only molybdenum ores and concentrates experienced a decline, with shipments falling 34.4%.
- Exports of solid wood products dropped 2.4%, driven mainly by a 3.8% dip in shipments of softwood lumber. Lower prices were the reason for the slump in softwood lumber exports as quantities shipped actually increased 6.9%.
- Elsewhere in the forest sector, pulp and paper exports were relatively flat in the first half of 2006 (+0.5%) as growth in shipments of pulp (+4.2%) were largely offset by slumps in exports of newsprint (-5.5%), paper and paperboard (-3.0%) and other paper products (-7.5%).
- Exports to the Pacific Rim have climbed 16.2%, with strong growth in shipments to Japan (+20.3%), South Korea (+23.3%) and China (+11.8%). This increase more than made up for a 0.7% drop in exports to the European Union.

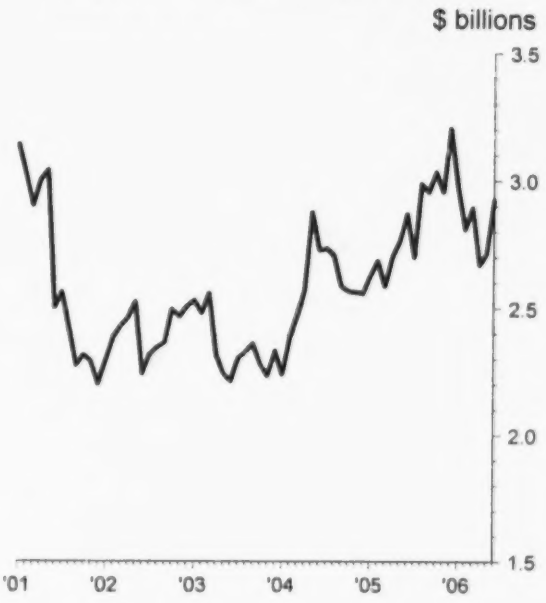
Exports of machinery and equipment have picked up significantly in 2006

SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EXPORTS

Seasonal adjustment supplies a means of making month-to-month comparisons by removing the regular periodic seasonal fluctuations that occur. Variations from normal seasonal patterns are revealed in the seasonally adjusted data series.

- Exports to the United States dipped 1.5% in June, but shipments to other international destinations soared 23.0% driving total BC exports up 7.7%.
- The jump in exports to overseas destinations was mainly due to a 44.8% leap in shipments of industrial and consumer goods and a 21.9% rise in forest product exports. The slump in shipments to the US was mainly due to a 6.9% drop in exports of forest products to that country.

A substantial jump in exports to overseas destinations drove up overall exports (adjusted for seasonality) in June



BC Exports, Seasonally Adjusted ($Millions)

Month	Agriculture & Fish	Energy	Forest Products	Machinery& Equip, Auto	Industrial, Consumer	Total	Exports to USA
Jun 2004	200	388	1,308	345	487	2,727	1,801
Jul	207	392	1,281	353	501	2,734	1,781
Aug	187	380	1,280	341	518	2,705	1,773
Sep	199	303	1,253	340	491	2,586	1,715
Oct	207	337	1,177	340	504	2,566	1,656
Nov	195	423	1,120	339	486	2,563	1,669
Dec	183	430	1,110	326	510	2,559	1,652
Jan 2005	188	447	1,114	335	543	2,626	1,659
Feb	181	447	1,177	340	539	2,684	1,760
Mar	176	467	1,120	335	489	2,587	1,737
Apr	184	526	1,118	360	513	2,700	1,777
May	183	556	1,140	358	524	2,761	1,743
Jun	209	622	1,118	358	562	2,869	1,792
Jul	174	697	992	358	479	2,701	1,833
Aug	199	812	1,062	364	551	2,987	1,859
Sep	193	796	1,037	364	566	2,956	1,846
Oct	196	840	1,125	374	498	3,033	2,018
Nov	203	705	1,114	376	561	2,957	2,002
Dec	196	863	1,182	390	574	3,204	2,050
Jan 2006	193	705	1,178	366	531	2,973	1,974
Feb	190	583	1,120	375	542	2,810	1,773
Mar	190	578	1,119	435	571	2,893	1,795
Apr	181	543	1,080	364	502	2,671	1,695
May	188	541	1,081	343	561	2,715	1,695
Jun	180	558	1,112	364	708	2,923	1,670

Will BC Miss the Boat on Port Expansion?

BC ports are planning for expansion, but delays could be costly

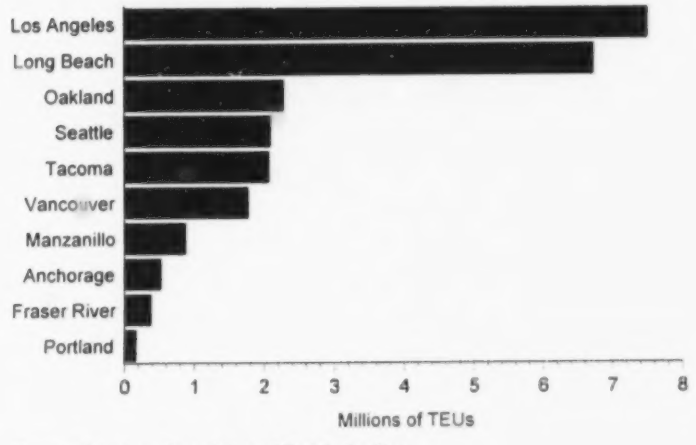
The surge in merchandise imports from Asia, particularly from China, has prompted plans for port expansion in British Columbia, but there are concerns that this expansion is moving too slowly and may not be ambitious enough to meet future demands. The influx of goods from Asia has resulted in significant backlogs at North American ports and growth in container capacity to handle the increase is not keeping up with the rapid expansion of Asian ports. The inability to accommodate the rise in container traffic is resulting in an unintended trade barrier and is forcing Asian producers to look for alternatives to the main seaports along the Pacific Coast of North America.

*A **TEU** is a twenty-foot equivalent unit, which is the standard measure of container traffic based on the length of a container (e.g., a 40-foot container would be 2 TEUs)*

Looking to take advantage of this opportunity, the Port of Prince Rupert has begun the process of building a container-handling facility with a capacity of 500,000 **TEU**s that would be online by 2007, with plans for expansion to 2 million TEUs by 2010. By comparison, the current container capacity of the Port of Vancouver, Canada's largest seaport, is between 1.8 and 1.9 million TEUs.

However, it is not likely that the Port of Prince Rupert will surpass Vancouver in terms of container capacity, as the Port of Vancouver is also in the process of expanding its facilities with the intention of tripling its capacity over the next 20 years to almost 5 million TEUs. The Port of Vancouver has already started its expansion efforts and construction of one phase of the project is complete; however, federally mandated environmental impact studies have caused delays in the expansion of the Deltaport terminal, which could prove to be costly if rival ports in the United States are able to capture the market before the Port of Vancouver's terminal is in place.

Vancouver ranked sixth in terms of container traffic on the Pacific Coast of North America in 2005

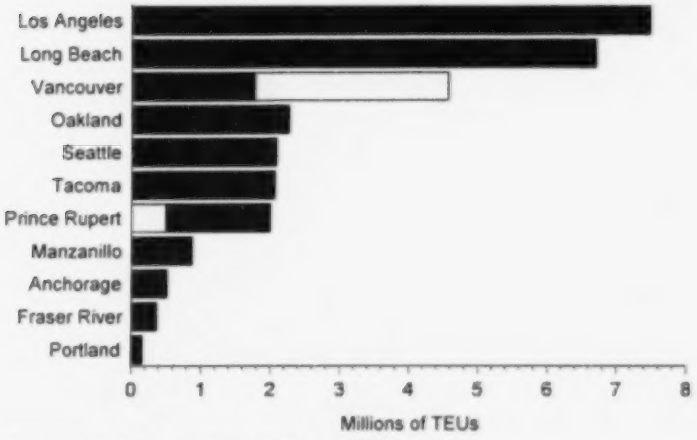


Source: American Association of Port Authorities

In 2005, the Port of Vancouver had the sixth largest volume of container traffic on the Pacific Coast of North America

Vancouver is currently ranked sixth in terms of container traffic on the Pacific Coast of North America. Los Angeles and Long Beach handle by far the largest volumes of container traffic on the Pacific Coast. Each of these ports saw about four times as much container traffic as Vancouver in 2005. Oakland, Seattle and Tacoma also ranked slightly above the Port of Vancouver for container shipments. However, if the planned port expansions for the Port of Vancouver and the Port of Prince Rupert were already in place, Vancouver would be the third largest container port on the North American Pacific Coast and Prince Rupert would rank seventh, just behind Tacoma.

If the planned port expansions were in place now, Vancouver would rank third and Prince Rupert would have the seventh largest container port on the North American Pacific Coast



Source: American Association of Port Authorities

If Vancouver and Prince Rupert expansion plans were already in place, Vancouver would have ranked third and Prince Rupert seventh in 2005 in terms of container traffic volumes on the Pacific Coast

It is unlikely that this ranking will actually come to pass as it assumes that other ports will not also expand their facilities. In fact, Seattle already has plans to build more container capacity and even Los Angeles, already the largest container port on the west coast, is looking to expand its facilities. There is also the possibility of new ports being constructed and there has already been discussion about building a new container facility in Lazaro Cardenas, Mexico.

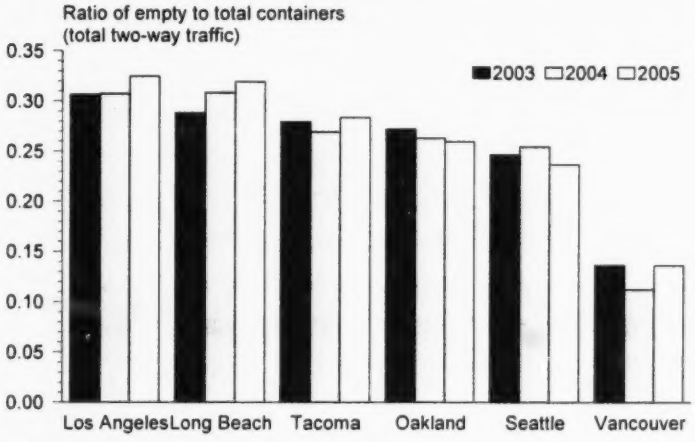
However, other West Coast ports are also planning to expand

With so many new or expanded facilities in the works, it is even more imperative that both Prince Rupert and Vancouver proceed expeditiously with their plans so that they do not lose potential market share to other competing ports. There have even been suggestions that the current expansion plans do not go far enough (one business consultant was quoted in a *Globe and Mail* article as saying the Prince Rupert expansion plan was "wimpy").[1]

[1] George Stalk, senior vice president of Boston Consulting Group, quoted in: Pitts, Gordon, "Will West Coast ports miss the boat?" *The Globe and Mail*, March 6, 2006, p. B3.

One advantage that the Port of Vancouver has over many of its competitors is that it has a significant volume of outbound goods as well as inbound cargo. In many West Coast ports, containers are shipped back to Asia empty, whereas containers leaving the Port of Vancouver are usually at least partially full, which offsets the cost of the return voyage.

Vancouver has far fewer empty containers compared to most West Coast ports



Source: Individual Port Authorities

Vancouver has relatively fewer empty containers compared to most West Coast ports

The ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach are both heavily weighted toward dealing with imports with about two of every three containers heading back empty. Tacoma and Seattle are slightly better with only about half the containers sent back empty. Oakland tends to have almost the same volume of exports as imports (at least in recent years), but it has empty containers going both ways, whereas Vancouver is far more efficient, with relatively few empty containers compared to these other ports.

This is likely one advantage that Prince Rupert will not share. It is probable that most of the container traffic in Prince Rupert will be one-way, with containers coming in full and being shipped back empty. Due to its remote location and small population base, there will be little local demand for goods shipped in through Prince Rupert and most of the imported merchandise will be immediately shipped out by rail to another destination. However, there are some advantages to a port in Prince Rupert as it is significantly closer to Asian ports compared to major North American ports. Prince Rupert is approximately two days sailing time closer than Los Angeles or Long Beach and one day closer than Vancouver. Although the rail trip to destinations such as Chicago is longer in distance, the lack of local stops could make the travel time about the same as that from Los Angeles to Chicago, which could mean that goods shipped through Prince Rupert could arrive at their destination two full days earlier.

Containers will likely come into Prince Rupert full and be shipped back empty

Both the Port of Vancouver and the Port of Prince Rupert face challenges regarding their expansion plans, but the pay-off could

be well worth it. Although the Port of Vancouver ranked 41st in the world in 2004 in terms of cargo volumes handled according to data from the American Association of Port Authorities, it did not even crack the top 50 in terms of container traffic. With fewer than 1.7 million TEUs, Vancouver was a bit player compared to the top-ranked ports such as Hong Kong (22 million TEUs) and Singapore (21 million TEUs). The top six container ports in the world in 2004 were all in Asia and considering the economic growth occurring in that region since then, it is likely the figures are even more inflated now. BC's strategic location relative to Asia makes it a perfect gateway for Asian trade with North America; however, the competition for port business is steep given the potential revenues to be had. The ports of Vancouver and Prince Rupert, as well as other BC ports, will be taking a risk if they wait too long or plan too small.

Recent Feature Articles in British Columbia Origin Exports Release
Listed By Statistical Reference Date of Issue

06-06 *Will BC Miss the Boat on Port Expansion?*
(released August 2006)

06-05 *Breaking the Interprovincial Trade Barrier*
(released July 2006)

06-04 *Deal or No Deal for Softwood Lumber?*
(released June 2006)

06-03 *Will Canada-India Trade Spice Up?*
(released May 2006)

06-02 *Log Exports Becoming More of a Private Affair*
(released April 2006)

06-01 *BC Exports: 2005 in Review*
(released March 2006)

05-12 *Electricity Puts a Charge into BC Exports*
(released February 2006)

05-11 *Pulp Friction: Challenging Times for BC's Pulp Industry*
(released January 2006)

05-10 *Japan Aims for Free Trade with Canada*
(released December 2005)

05-09 *China's Growth Both an Opportunity and a Threat for Exporters*
(released November 2005)

05-08 *Booming Energy Sector May Give Rise to "Dutch Disease" for Other Exporters*
(released October 2005)

05-07 *Laying on the Lumber*
(released September 2005)

05-06 *Removal of Textile Quotas Tailor-Made for Protectionist Fervour*
(released August 2005)

05-05 *Comparative Trade Numbers Don't Add Up*
(released July 2005)

05-04 *South Korea Seeks Trade Deal with Canada*
(released June 2005)

05-03 *Any BC Port in a Trade Storm*
(released May 2005)

05-02 *American Protectionism: Backfiring on All Cylinders*
(released April 2005)

05-01 *Commodity Prices, Exchange Rates and Exports*
(released March 2005)

04-12 *The Internet Pharmacy Debate*
(released February 2005)

04-11 *Canada's Trade With China*
(released January 2005)

04-10 *Legitimate Border Threat or Reefer Madness?*
(released December 2004)

04-09 *Canada is Hoping Trade with Brazil will Take Off*
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04-08 *Border Congestion Threatens Trade*
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04-07 *NAFTA Panel Finds in Favour of Canada in Softwood Lumber Dispute*
(released September 2004)

04-06 *Canada's Trade with Greece*
(released August 2004)

04-05 *Hollywood North Thrives in 2003*
(released July 2004)

04-04 *Port of Prince Rupert: Down, But Not Out*
(released June 2004)

04-03 *Expanded European Union Could be Both Good and Bad for BC*
(released May 2004)

04-02 *BC's Animal Agriculture Exports Facing Trade Restrictions*
(released April 2004)

04-01 *China Offers Considerable Opportunities for Trade*
(released March 2004)

NOTES

Countries Included Within World Regions:
(1) Western Europe: United Kingdom, Ireland, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland.
(2) Eastern Europe: other Europe, including all of Russia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, etc.
(3) South East Asia: Malaysia, Brunei Darussalam, Singapore, Myanmar, Kampuchea, Laos, Indonesia, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam.
(4) Africa: continental Africa, excluding Ethiopia, Libya, Somalia, Sudan, Egypt.
(5) South America: continental South America from Colombia and Venezuela south to Chile and Argentina, including offshore islands, but not Caribbean.
(6) Central America and Caribbean: from Guatemala and Belize to Panama, plus Caribbean Islands.
(7) Pacific Rim (including Japan): Japan, Hong Kong, Malaysia, Brunei Darussalam, Singapore, Laos, Mongolia, China, Indonesia, North Korea, South Korea, Philippines, Macau, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam, Australia, Fiji, New Zealand.
(8) Pacific Rim: as above, but excluding Japan.
(9) Middle East: from Turkey and Iran south through the Arabian Peninsula. Excluding Afghanistan and Pakistan, but including Cyprus, Ethiopia, Egypt, Somalia, Sudan and Libya.

The **European Union** is the membership as of May 1, 2004: Austria, Belgium, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

'Selected Value-added Wood Products' category includes prefabricated houses, doors, windows, furniture, moulding, siding, etc. It does not include panel products, shakes, shingles or any pulp and paper products.

Revisions
Statistics Canada revises trade data for the previous three data years with release of the December data. The revision number is indicated in the footer of the tables (e.g., Rev 1 is the first annual revision, etc., and Prelim indicates it is the first release of data to December for that year). In addition to annual revisions, Statistics Canada revises the data for the previous data year every quarter (indicated in the footer by Rev Q1, etc).

Service Offered for Detailed Trade Statistics
For BC government statistics users requiring more detailed information on exports or imports, a special report service is offered through the address below:

Dan Schrier
BC STATS
P.O. Box 9410 Stn Prov Govt
Victoria, B.C. V8W 9V1
(250) 387-0376

This service is provided through the Trade Research and Inquiry Package (TRIP) computer reporting system. TRIP offers user-defined tabulations of export or import statistics for BC, Canada, the United States and other countries. Tabulations can include information on commodities, countries, US states, years, months, mode of transport, etc.

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS TO SELECTED DESTINATIONS

	JUNE			YEAR-TO-DATE			ANNUAL		
	2005	2006	CHANGE 2005-06	2005	2006	CHANGE 2005-06	2003	2004	2005
	VALUES ($,000)		(%)	VALUES ($,000)		(%)	VALUES ($,000)		
United Kingdom	57,255	33,407	-41.7%	204,422	217,426	6.4%	302,431	340,151	420,235
Germany	60,243	38,259	-36.5%	240,767	240,341	-0.2%	364,273	415,542	462,512
People's Republic of China	105,762	143,483	35.7%	595,232	665,283	11.8%	907,766	1,262,965	1,298,392
Hong Kong	13,162	24,249	84.2%	113,352	111,019	-2.1%	179,573	254,224	213,148
Taiwan	63,702	45,088	-29.2%	235,323	251,385	6.8%	428,132	482,240	493,595
Japan	403,280	577,766	43.3%	1,952,668	2,348,425	20.3%	3,649,686	3,799,308	4,154,715
South Korea	116,430	118,856	2.1%	507,894	626,303	23.3%	772,125	909,249	1,163,504
India	16,220	16,717	3.1%	100,753	113,157	12.3%	107,899	131,756	193,712
Australia	20,406	14,076	-31.0%	89,176	79,792	-10.5%	200,826	222,136	178,898
Mexico	26,479	14,874	-43.8%	133,949	99,617	-25.6%	107,269	197,164	235,700
United States	1,852,474	1,713,951	-7.5%	10,480,435	10,633,171	1.5%	18,792,350	20,121,209	22,076,423
other	281,283	304,611	8.3%	1,533,460	1,568,541	2.3%	2,377,002	2,841,699	3,173,165
Total International Exports	**3,016,697**	**3,045,337**	**0.9%**	**16,187,430**	**16,954,460**	**4.7%**	**28,189,333**	**30,977,644**	**34,063,999**
1) Western Europe	256,225	224,778	-12.3%	1,232,867	1,222,007	-0.9%	1,877,274	2,179,751	2,434,805
2) Eastern Europe	22,108	10,589	-52.1%	51,146	46,952	-8.2%	35,532	77,408	128,318
3) South East Asia	31,291	33,304	6.4%	217,095	240,026	10.6%	402,849	466,641	444,496
4) Africa (exc. Egypt & Mid-East)	5,653	3,065	-45.8%	27,197	24,084	-11.4%	65,433	55,094	57,673
5) South America	33,334	36,213	8.6%	177,521	230,584	29.9%	281,172	319,260	435,897
6) Cent. Amer. & Caribb. (exc. Mex.)	9,885	7,121	-28.0%	47,068	63,038	33.9%	64,728	92,183	106,634
7) Pacific Rim (including Japan)	762,129	959,914	26.0%	3,743,920	4,350,467	16.2%	6,598,713	7,493,053	8,024,659
8) Pacific Rim (excluding Japan)	358,849	382,148	6.5%	1,791,252	2,002,043	11.8%	2,949,027	3,693,745	3,869,945
9) Middle East	28,312	53,553	89.2%	150,646	149,400	-0.8%	207,976	248,472	308,626
	SHARE OF TOTAL (%)								
United Kingdom	1.9%	1.1%		1.3%	1.3%		1.1%	1.1%	1.2%
Germany	2.0%	1.3%		1.5%	1.4%		1.3%	1.3%	1.4%
People's Republic of China	3.5%	4.7%		3.7%	3.9%		3.2%	4.1%	3.8%
Hong Kong	0.4%	0.8%		0.7%	0.7%		0.6%	0.8%	0.6%
Taiwan	2.1%	1.5%		1.5%	1.5%		1.5%	1.6%	1.4%
Japan	13.4%	19.0%		12.1%	13.9%		12.9%	12.3%	12.2%
South Korea	3.9%	3.9%		3.1%	3.7%		2.7%	2.9%	3.4%
India	0.5%	0.5%		0.6%	0.7%		0.4%	0.4%	0.6%
Australia	0.7%	0.5%		0.6%	0.5%		0.7%	0.7%	0.5%
Mexico	0.9%	0.5%		0.8%	0.6%		0.4%	0.6%	0.7%
United States	61.4%	56.3%		64.7%	62.7%		66.7%	65.0%	64.8%
other	9.3%	10.0%		9.5%	9.3%		8.4%	9.2%	9.3%
Total International Exports	**100.0%**	**100.0%**		**100.0%**	**100.0%**		**100.0%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**
1) Western Europe	8.5%	7.4%		7.6%	7.2%		6.7%	7.0%	7.1%
2) Eastern Europe	0.7%	0.3%		0.3%	0.3%		0.1%	0.2%	0.4%
3) South East Asia	1.0%	1.1%		1.3%	1.4%		1.4%	1.5%	1.3%
4) Africa (exc. Egypt & Mid-East)	0.2%	0.1%		0.2%	0.1%		0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
5) South America	1.1%	1.2%		1.1%	1.4%		1.0%	1.0%	1.3%
6) Cent. Amer. & Caribb. (exc. Mex.)	0.3%	0.2%		0.3%	0.4%		0.2%	0.3%	0.3%
7) Pacific Rim (including Japan)	25.3%	31.5%		23.1%	25.7%		23.4%	24.2%	23.6%
8) Pacific Rim (excluding Japan)	11.9%	12.5%		11.1%	11.8%		10.5%	11.9%	11.4%
9) Middle East	0.9%	1.8%		0.9%	0.9%		0.7%	0.8%	0.9%

See attached NOTES for countries within listed regions.

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS to ALL COUNTRIES
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	JUNE			YEAR-TO-DATE				
	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	CHANGE 2005-06 (%)	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	CHANGE 2005-06 (%)	SHARE 2005 (%)	SHARE 2006 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**859,224**	**769,558**	**-10.4%**	**4,896,383**	**4,779,806**	**-2.4%**	**30.2%**	**28.2%**
Lumber (softwood)	571,074	503,702	-11.8%	3,311,823	3,187,538	-3.8%	20.5%	18.8%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	23,027	21,721	-5.7%	117,944	122,978	4.3%	0.7%	0.7%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	40,776	34,700	-14.9%	227,476	233,719	2.7%	1.4%	1.4%
Other Panel Products	65,147	58,522	-10.2%	382,461	404,248	5.7%	2.4%	2.4%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	90,666	82,097	-9.5%	498,359	451,495	-9.0%	3.1%	2.7%
Other	68,533	68,816	0.4%	360,320	379,829	5.4%	2.2%	2.2%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**380,482**	**442,587**	**16.3%**	**2,307,859**	**2,319,589**	**0.5%**	**14.3%**	**13.7%**
Pulp	215,780	282,962	31.1%	1,295,877	1,349,848	4.2%	8.0%	8.0%
Newsprint	53,181	52,626	-1.0%	326,753	308,841	-5.5%	2.0%	1.8%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	96,078	94,638	-1.5%	599,731	581,816	-3.0%	3.7%	3.4%
Other	15,444	12,361	-20.0%	85,498	79,084	-7.5%	0.5%	0.5%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**127,385**	**114,848**	**-9.8%**	**617,309**	**627,849**	**1.7%**	**3.8%**	**3.7%**
Fruit and Nuts	6,546	2,450	-62.6%	38,463	29,302	-23.8%	0.2%	0.2%
Vegetables	40,085	32,587	-18.7%	132,515	104,702	-21.0%	0.8%	0.6%
Other	80,754	79,811	-1.2%	446,331	493,845	10.6%	2.8%	2.9%
FISH PRODUCTS	**133,580**	**109,786**	**-17.8%**	**478,732**	**464,283**	**-3.0%**	**3.0%**	**2.7%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	27,216	13,614	-50.0%	74,678	63,805	-14.6%	0.5%	0.4%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	27,885	32,084	15.1%	156,206	184,522	18.1%	1.0%	1.1%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	7,775	4,493	-42.2%	41,797	34,206	-18.2%	0.3%	0.2%
Other	70,704	59,595	-15.7%	206,051	181,750	-11.8%	1.3%	1.1%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**247,215**	**400,659**	**62.1%**	**1,399,801**	**1,590,990**	**13.7%**	**8.6%**	**9.4%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	97,171	267,137	174.9%	433,874	668,798	54.1%	2.7%	3.9%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	63,069	29,303	-53.5%	319,887	209,698	-34.4%	2.0%	1.2%
Unwrought Aluminum	41,748	48,342	15.8%	290,712	337,039	15.9%	1.8%	2.0%
Unwrought Zinc	28,210	37,489	32.9%	203,512	210,587	3.5%	1.3%	1.2%
Other	17,016	18,387	8.1%	151,817	164,869	8.6%	0.9%	1.0%
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**627,784**	**567,088**	**-9.7%**	**3,008,997**	**3,441,709**	**14.4%**	**18.6%**	**20.3%**
Natural Gas	242,932	234,644	-3.4%	1,557,792	1,693,037	8.7%	9.6%	10.0%
Coal	333,326	284,692	-14.6%	1,241,961	1,531,177	23.3%	7.7%	9.0%
Electricity	35,337	31,727	-10.2%	136,439	108,927	-20.2%	0.8%	0.6%
Other	16,189	16,025	-1.0%	72,804	108,568	49.1%	0.4%	0.6%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**307,235**	**317,532**	**3.4%**	**1,639,426**	**1,828,383**	**11.5%**	**10.1%**	**10.8%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	37,734	37,667	-0.2%	210,177	204,004	-2.9%	1.3%	1.2%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	62,985	56,817	-9.8%	301,164	339,397	12.7%	1.9%	2.0%
Other	206,515	223,048	8.0%	1,128,085	1,284,983	13.9%	7.0%	7.6%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**47,649**	**52,805**	**10.8%**	**264,126**	**293,476**	**11.1%**	**1.6%**	**1.7%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**9,324**	**9,082**	**-2.6%**	**55,313**	**69,388**	**25.4%**	**0.3%**	**0.4%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**276,818**	**261,392**	**-5.6%**	**1,519,483**	**1,538,988**	**1.3%**	**9.4%**	**9.1%**
GRAND TOTAL	**3,016,697**	**3,045,337**	**0.9%**	**16,187,430**	**16,954,460**	**4.7%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS to the U.S.A.
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	JUNE			YEAR-TO-DATE				
			CHANGE			CHANGE	SHARE	
	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	2005-06 (%)	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	2005-06 (%)	2005 (%)	2006 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**685,316**	**580,414**	**-15.3%**	**3,858,655**	**3,765,748**	**-2.4%**	**36.8%**	**35.4%**
Lumber (softwood)	446,341	370,942	-16.9%	2,556,444	2,442,399	-4.5%	24.4%	23.0%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	21,926	20,407	-6.9%	112,769	116,077	2.9%	1.1%	1.1%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	38,641	33,939	-12.2%	211,833	227,873	7.6%	2.0%	2.1%
Other Panel Products	61,473	54,859	-10.8%	363,382	385,283	6.0%	3.5%	3.6%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	75,606	71,682	-5.2%	416,423	393,355	-5.5%	4.0%	3.7%
Other	41,329	28,585	-30.8%	197,803	200,761	1.5%	1.9%	1.9%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**171,197**	**159,844**	**-6.6%**	**1,051,675**	**1,042,901**	**-0.8%**	**10.0%**	**9.8%**
Pulp	58,818	51,346	-12.7%	357,261	357,938	0.2%	3.4%	3.4%
Newsprint	27,477	26,537	-3.4%	172,025	175,067	1.8%	1.6%	1.6%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	73,045	71,154	-2.6%	455,089	446,674	-1.8%	4.3%	4.2%
Other	11,856	10,808	-8.8%	67,299	63,221	-6.1%	0.6%	0.6%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**90,410**	**88,125**	**-2.5%**	**448,507**	**460,458**	**2.7%**	**4.3%**	**4.3%**
Fruit and Nuts	3,913	1,286	-67.1%	25,716	18,814	-26.8%	0.2%	0.2%
Vegetables	35,042	31,650	-9.7%	115,192	102,445	-11.1%	1.1%	1.0%
Other	51,455	55,189	7.3%	307,599	339,199	10.3%	2.9%	3.2%
FISH PRODUCTS	**50,078**	**44,349**	**-11.4%**	**237,079**	**258,348**	**9.0%**	**2.3%**	**2.4%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	10,493	5,782	-44.9%	34,010	32,059	-5.7%	0.3%	0.3%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	21,342	25,714	20.5%	120,524	157,331	30.5%	1.1%	1.5%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	3,959	1,551	-60.8%	19,725	12,457	-36.8%	0.2%	0.1%
Other	14,284	11,301	-20.9%	62,819	56,501	-10.1%	0.6%	0.5%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**65,036**	**50,587**	**-22.2%**	**356,552**	**313,964**	**-11.9%**	**3.4%**	**3.0%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	3	0	-100.0%	3	0	-100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	30,282	13,674	-54.8%	119,313	68,694	-42.4%	1.1%	0.6%
Unwrought Aluminum	5,202	6,149	18.2%	27,291	43,617	59.8%	0.3%	0.4%
Unwrought Zinc	18,143	22,313	23.0%	149,973	130,135	-13.2%	1.4%	1.2%
Other	11,405	8,451	-25.9%	59,972	71,519	19.3%	0.6%	0.7%
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**306,932**	**283,271**	**-7.7%**	**1,849,181**	**1,965,666**	**6.3%**	**17.6%**	**18.5%**
Natural Gas	242,932	234,644	-3.4%	1,557,792	1,693,037	8.7%	14.9%	15.9%
Coal	13,928	912	-93.5%	84,176	69,035	-18.0%	0.8%	0.6%
Electricity	35,337	31,727	-10.2%	136,439	108,927	-20.2%	1.3%	1.0%
Other	14,735	15,988	8.5%	70,774	94,667	33.8%	0.7%	0.9%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**216,867**	**237,025**	**9.3%**	**1,198,258**	**1,297,356**	**8.3%**	**11.4%**	**12.2%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	31,015	32,840	5.9%	172,485	177,710	3.0%	1.6%	1.7%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	46,652	41,465	-11.1%	223,315	244,940	9.7%	2.1%	2.3%
Other	139,200	162,720	16.9%	802,458	874,706	9.0%	7.7%	8.2%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**44,025**	**48,743**	**10.7%**	**245,656**	**270,267**	**10.0%**	**2.3%**	**2.5%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**7,339**	**7,651**	**4.3%**	**43,707**	**58,213**	**33.2%**	**0.4%**	**0.5%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**215,275**	**213,943**	**-0.6%**	**1,191,165**	**1,200,250**	**0.8%**	**11.4%**	**11.3%**
GRAND TOTAL	**1,852,474**	**1,713,951**	**-7.5%**	**10,480,435**	**10,633,171**	**1.5%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

(Rev 2 '03, Rev 1 '04, Rev Q2 '05)

Source: Statistics Canada and BC Stats

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS to JAPAN
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	JUNE			YEAR-TO-DATE				
			CHANGE			CHANGE	SHARE	
	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	2005-06 (%)	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	2005-06 (%)	2005 (%)	2006 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**115,382**	**125,248**	**8.6%**	**678,049**	**677,482**	**-0.1%**	**34.7%**	**28.8%**
Lumber (softwood)	81,916	83,583	2.0%	485,454	489,153	0.8%	24.9%	20.8%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	0	0	NA	15	34	117.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	1,617	395	-75.6%	8,461	2,989	-64.7%	0.4%	0.1%
Other Panel Products	2,290	1,963	-14.3%	14,612	11,701	-19.9%	0.7%	0.5%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	11,475	8,794	-23.4%	59,877	46,763	-21.9%	3.1%	2.0%
Other	18,084	30,513	68.7%	109,629	126,844	15.7%	5.6%	5.4%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**30,348**	**26,296**	**-13.4%**	**165,180**	**142,073**	**-14.0%**	**8.5%**	**6.0%**
Pulp	25,590	25,460	-0.5%	132,105	134,961	2.2%	6.8%	5.7%
Newsprint	3,446	0	-100.0%	24,893	2,250	-91.0%	1.3%	0.1%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	932	691	-25.8%	6,438	3,426	-46.8%	0.3%	0.1%
Other	380	145	-62.0%	1,744	1,437	-17.6%	0.1%	0.1%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**11,777**	**7,914**	**-32.8%**	**58,745**	**62,672**	**6.7%**	**3.0%**	**2.7%**
Fruit and Nuts	2,194	829	-62.2%	7,114	6,599	-7.2%	0.4%	0.3%
Vegetables	164	74	-54.8%	555	396	-28.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	9,419	7,010	-25.6%	51,076	55,678	9.0%	2.6%	2.4%
FISH PRODUCTS	**56,565**	**45,186**	**-20.1%**	**130,947**	**105,699**	**-19.3%**	**6.7%**	**4.5%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	4,795	2,633	-45.1%	18,734	13,624	-27.3%	1.0%	0.6%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	3,535	3,694	4.5%	13,063	11,516	-11.8%	0.7%	0.5%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	135	90	-33.1%	993	1,346	35.6%	0.1%	0.1%
Other	48,100	38,769	-19.4%	98,158	79,213	-19.3%	5.0%	3.4%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**95,281**	**273,561**	**187.1%**	**556,108**	**786,928**	**41.5%**	**28.5%**	**33.5%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	44,962	224,561	399.5%	202,680	432,300	113.3%	10.4%	18.4%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	14,925	8,363	-44.0%	84,071	73,419	-12.7%	4.3%	3.1%
Unwrought Aluminum	29,971	34,905	16.5%	193,089	205,359	6.4%	9.9%	8.7%
Unwrought Zinc	506	1,082	114.1%	3,019	3,706	22.8%	0.2%	0.2%
Other	4,918	4,650	-5.4%	73,249	72,144	-1.5%	3.8%	3.1%
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**70,341**	**90,806**	**29.1%**	**265,413**	**447,417**	**68.6%**	**13.6%**	**19.1%**
Natural Gas	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Coal	70,321	90,785	29.1%	265,172	447,318	68.7%	13.6%	19.0%
Electricity	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Other	20	21	5.5%	241	99	-59.0%	0.0%	0.0%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**11,041**	**4,545**	**-58.8%**	**44,994**	**64,820**	**44.1%**	**2.3%**	**2.8%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	2,231	312	-86.0%	8,378	1,956	-76.7%	0.4%	0.1%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	1,663	1,701	2.3%	5,810	7,994	37.6%	0.3%	0.3%
Other	7,147	2,531	-64.6%	30,806	54,871	78.1%	1.6%	2.3%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**208**	**375**	**80.1%**	**1,611**	**1,645**	**2.1%**	**0.1%**	**0.1%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**183**	**40**	**-78.4%**	**2,533**	**1,837**	**-27.5%**	**0.1%**	**0.1%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**12,153**	**3,798**	**-68.8%**	**49,088**	**57,852**	**17.9%**	**2.5%**	**2.5%**
GRAND TOTAL	**403,280**	**577,766**	**43.3%**	**1,952,668**	**2,348,425**	**20.3%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS to the EUROPEAN UNION*
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	JUNE			YEAR-TO-DATE				
			CHANGE			CHANGE	SHARE	
	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	2005-06 (%)	2005 ($,000)	2006 ($,000)	2005-06 (%)	2005 (%)	2006 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**21,376**	**26,011**	**21.7%**	**149,397**	**146,534**	**-1.9%**	**12.3%**	**12.1%**
Lumber (softwood)	14,388	19,649	36.6%	113,700	109,019	-4.1%	9.3%	9.0%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	670	557	-16.8%	2,926	3,800	29.9%	0.2%	0.3%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	145	75	-48.5%	4,574	949	-79.3%	0.4%	0.1%
Other Panel Products	53	32	-39.3%	321	177	-44.9%	0.0%	0.0%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	819	986	20.3%	4,679	5,845	24.9%	0.4%	0.5%
Other	5,301	4,712	-11.1%	23,198	26,745	15.3%	1.9%	2.2%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**51,029**	**49,721**	**-2.6%**	**352,662**	**248,614**	**-29.5%**	**28.9%**	**20.5%**
Pulp	44,882	46,134	2.8%	313,062	221,648	-29.2%	25.7%	18.3%
Newsprint	0	0	NA	7,327	72	-99.0%	0.6%	0.0%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	6,063	3,497	-42.3%	31,982	26,514	-17.0%	2.6%	2.2%
Other	84	90	7.6%	311	379	22.0%	0.0%	0.0%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**2,529**	**1,896**	**-25.1%**	**13,587**	**13,095**	**-3.6%**	**1.1%**	**1.1%**
Fruit and Nuts	151	0	-100.0%	202	151	-25.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Vegetables	210	122	-42.0%	1,300	287	-77.9%	0.1%	0.0%
Other	2,168	1,774	-18.2%	12,085	12,656	4.7%	1.0%	1.0%
FISH PRODUCTS	**5,871**	**4,521**	**-23.0%**	**28,149**	**25,280**	**-10.2%**	**2.3%**	**2.1%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	3,032	1,938	-36.1%	7,002	6,513	-7.0%	0.6%	0.5%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	497	311	-37.6%	5,924	4,883	-17.6%	0.5%	0.4%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	1,854	2,208	19.1%	13,989	13,045	-6.7%	1.1%	1.1%
Other	488	64	-86.9%	1,235	839	-32.1%	0.1%	0.1%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**5,745**	**5,153**	**-10.3%**	**52,610**	**53,598**	**1.9%**	**4.3%**	**4.4%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	5,552	5,120	-7.8%	50,541	47,672	-5.7%	4.1%	3.9%
Unwrought Aluminum	68	0	-100.0%	672	420	-37.5%	0.1%	0.0%
Unwrought Zinc	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Other	126	33	-73.5%	1,398	5,505	293.7%	0.1%	0.5%
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**125,113**	**98,137**	**-21.6%**	**403,713**	**478,293**	**18.5%**	**33.1%**	**39.5%**
Natural Gas	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Coal	125,107	98,132	-21.6%	403,685	478,256	18.5%	33.1%	39.5%
Electricity	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Other	7	5	-24.0%	28	35	21.7%	0.0%	0.0%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**32,273**	**28,680**	**-11.1%**	**163,110**	**194,036**	**19.0%**	**13.4%**	**16.0%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	848	1,064	25.5%	8,815	5,701	-35.3%	0.7%	0.5%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	5,127	4,007	-21.8%	20,154	29,589	46.8%	1.7%	2.4%
Other	26,298	23,609	-10.2%	134,141	158,746	18.3%	11.0%	13.1%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**1,849**	**1,197**	**-35.3%**	**6,323**	**7,323**	**15.8%**	**0.5%**	**0.6%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**1,212**	**973**	**-19.8%**	**6,676**	**5,973**	**-10.5%**	**0.5%**	**0.5%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**7,543**	**6,756**	**-10.4%**	**43,269**	**37,650**	**-13.0%**	**3.6%**	**3.1%**
GRAND TOTAL	**254,542**	**223,044**	**-12.4%**	**1,219,495**	**1,210,396**	**-0.7%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

* Note that as of May 1, 2004 the European Union expanded to include ten new members. These figures include those ten countries.